| Unit: Animals | | EVS Grade 3 | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ABOUT THE UNIT | | | | | | | | |
| Through this unit, children learn about: | | | | | | | | |
| Classification of animals based on their habitat | | | | | | | | |
| Terrestrial animals, aquatic animals and animals that | live on land as well as | s in water | | | | | | |
| Animals that live on ground, under the ground and or | | | | | | | | |
| Animals that live in deserts and on hills | | | | | | | | |
| Classification of animals based on their movement | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Animals that crawl, fly, walk and hop Birds | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Characteristics of birds | | | | | | | | |
| Classification of birds as aquatic and terrestrial | | | | | | | | |
| Types of nests Dedu parts of hirds and their functions | | | | | | | | |
| Body parts of birds and their functions Eating babits of birds | | | | | | | | |
| Eating habits of birds Relationship between their beak and food they eat | | | | | | | | |
| Relationship between their beak and food they eat Significance of different types of foot of birds | K (1) | R | | | | | | |
| Sensitivity towards animals with respect to not hurting/te | easing them | | | | | | | |
| Purpose of keeping animals | | | | | | | | |
| Animal bite and its impact: Diseases caused | | | | | | | | |
| Annual bite and its impact. Discuses caused | | | | | | | | |
| Within this unit, there are opportunities for children to: | | | | | | | | |
| explore diversity in animals | | | | | | | | |
| understand interdependence between humans and a | inimals | | | | | | | |
| develop sensitivity for animals | | | | | | | | |
| This unit takes approximately 33-34 periods. | | | | | | | | |
| WHERE THE UNIT FITS IN OPEL I HY LEA | SKILLS / | RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Previous Grade: | KNOWLEDGE | Snoon seissors | | | | | | |
| Names of animals in English and Hindi, diverse | Observe | Spoon, scissors, | | | | | | |
| body pattern on animals, animals that fly, live on | Classify | tweezers, marbles, rice, | | | | | | |
| land and water, animals and their young ones, | Infer | sponge, dry grass, | | | | | | |
| discrimination of sounds of animals, names of | straw, twigs, thread, | | | | | | | |
| insects and diseases caused with insects' bite | Construct | sand, pebbles, water, | | | | | | |
| Next Grade: | Manipulate | soil, some leaves and | | | | | | |
| Habitat of animals (land, water), sense organs in materials grasses and pictures of | | | | | | | | |
| animals—need and significance, differences and effectively animals/chits on which | | | | | | | | |
| similarities among animals based on skin, legs, the name of animals are | | | | | | | | |
| eyes and nose written | | | | | | | | |
| Links with: | | | | | | | | |
| Language Units: Conducting interviews, writing | | | | | | | | |
| story based on pictures | | | | | | | | |
| EXPECTATIONS | | | | | | | | |
| at the end of this unit | | | | | | | | |
| most children will: | | | | | | | | |

- classify animals based on their habitat
- know about different types of nest
- understand relationship between beak of bird and its eating habits
- understand role of different types of claws for birds
- know about different ways in which animals eat their food
- know about the impact of animal bite on human
- understand the interdependence between animals and humans
- develop sensitivity for animals
- some children will not have made so much progress and will:
- classify animals after looking at their picture, but find it difficult to classify animals with which
- they are not much familiar
- recognise those nests that are previously shown, but not able to recognise the unfamiliar ones
- state different food items eaten by common birds such as sparrow, pigeon, eagle, but find
- difficulty to connect the type of beak and the eating habits, especially when new examples are
- mentioned

some children will have progressed further and will also:

- develop new criteria for classification of animals
- predict the probable characters of an unfamiliar type of beak
- give examples of interdependence between animals and humans in multiple contexts



| EVS | G3 | V2 | Animals | CHAKRA | HAKRA 1 Introduction EVS3111 | | |
|--|--------------|------------|------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| BEGINNING DATE | | | | | PAGES FROM CURRICULUM BOOK: | | |
| COMPLE | TION DATI | E | | ESTI | MA | TED # OF PERIODS: 2 | |
| | | | | ACT | ACTUAL # OF PERIODS: | | |
| LEARNING OBJECTIVES | | | | | EVIDENCES OF LEARNING | | |
| To recall the experiences associated with an | | | | h an Stud | ent | s share their experiences associa | ated with animals. |
| imals | | | The | They talk about the animals, which they have seen, | | | |
| | | | | toud | touched, etc. | | |
| | | | | | - | . under I Act, Pg 5 . In ne given image. | |
| Students are familiar with animals. This discussion opens up a scope for them to express their Observations and experiences. This sharing is very essential in the class to explore students' ideas about animals. | | | | | | | |
| REFLECT | | | | | | | |
| | | nnlete | d this, tell the | m to write a | ทรพ | ers of the questions | |
| | • | • | | | | to share their responses. | |
| You can f | | | | 0 | | i | |
| Ask: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Whic | h animals y | you see | e regularly? |) (| | | |
| | | - | n't see around | | _ | | |
| | | | ne animals wit | | | | |
| | | observe | ed any unusua | l behaviour | of a | n animal? What was | |
| that behaviour? PROPELIEY EARNING | | | | | | | |
| DO Cive the | tool to fin | مر مالح ام | | anima ala th | + | | |
| | task to find | a the n | ames of some | animais th | it ar | e exunct. | |
| ASSESS | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| OBSERVED EVIDENCES OF LEARNING | | | | | | | |
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| EVS | G3 | V2 | Animals | CHAKRA 2 | Wild and Domestic Animals | EVS3112 | | |
|---|---|----------|---------------|--------------------|--|----------------|--|--|
| BEGINN | NG DAT | Ē | | | PAGES FROM CURRICULUM BOOK: | | | |
| COMPLETION DATE | | | | | ESTIMATED # OF PERIODS: 2 | | | |
| | | | | | ACTUAL # OF PERIODS: | | | |
| | LE | ARNIN | G OBJECTIVE | S | EVIDENCES OF LEARNING | | | |
| | fy anima | als as w | ild and dome | stic | They name wild and domestic animals. | | | |
| DO | | c | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ask students to imagine | | | |
| | | | | gie and they have | e to recognise the animals | | | |
| that are | • | - | | | | | | |
| | IAKRAZ. | E1.Anir | nal Sounds | | | | | |
| NOTE | م : م ، ، : ما م ، | - hofor | | alaas sa that va | | | | |
| video. | his video | o befor | e taking the | class, so that yo | u are aware of the sounds of animals | s shown in the | | |
| | nlav the | vidoo | two or throe | timos if studon | ts find it difficult to recognise the so | unde | | |
| REFLECT | <u> </u> | e viueo | | | is find it difficult to recognise the so | | | |
| After the | | | | | | | | |
| Ask stud | | | | | | | | |
| | | n thac | e animals? | | | | | |
| | • | | | Is are generally s | een? | | | |
| | • | | | | | | | |
| | 3. Which are the animals among them that can live around humans?4. Which are the animals that cannot live around humans? | | | | | | | |
| | 5. Name a few domestic animals? | | | | | | | |
| | | | 1 | | | | | |
| | 6. Name a few wild animals?7. Which animals can be kept as a pet? | | | | | | | |
| DO | | | | | | | | |
| | re wild a | animals | different fro | m domestic anir | nals? | | | |
| You can add further questions on your own. | | | | | | | | |
| Tell students to write names of a few wild, domestic and pet animals in their notebook. | | | | | | | | |
| ASSESS | | | | | | | | |
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| OBSERVED EVIDENCES OF LEARNING | | | | | | | | |
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